After the Shots...

Your child may need extra love and care after getting vaccinated. Some vaccinations that protect children from serious diseases also can cause discomfort for a while. Here are answers to questions many parents have after their children have been vaccinated. If this sheet doesn't answer your questions, call your healthcare provider.

Vaccinations may hurt a little... but disease can hurt a lot!

Call your healthcare provider right away if you answer "yes" to any of the following questions:

- Does your child have a temperature that your healthcare provider has told you to be concerned about?
- □ Is your child pale or limp?
- □ Has your child been crying for more than 3 hours and just won't quit?
- □ Is your child's body shaking, twitching, or jerking?
- □ Is your child very noticeably less active or responsive?

Please see page 2 for information on the proper amount of medicine to give your child to reduce pain or fever.

immunization



What to do if your child has discomfort

I think my child has a fever. What should I do?

Check your child's temperature to find out if there is a fever. An easy way to do this is by taking a temperature in the armpit using an electronic thermometer (or by using the method of temperature-taking your healthcare provider recommends). If your child has a temperature that your healthcare provider has told you to be concerned about or if you have questions, call your healthcare provider.

Here are some things you can do to help reduce fever:

- Give your child plenty to drink.
- Dress your child lightly. Do not cover or wrap your child tightly.
- Give your child a fever- or pain-reducing medicine such as acetaminophen (e.g., Tylenol) or ibuprofen (e.g., Advil, Motrin). The dose you give your child should be based on your child's weight and your healthcare provider's instructions. See the dose chart on page 2. *Do not give aspirin*. Recheck your child's temperature after 1 hour. Call your healthcare provider if you have questions.

My child has been fussy since getting vaccinated. What should I do?

After vaccination, children may be fussy because of pain or fever. To reduce discomfort, you may want to give your child a medicine such as acetaminophen or ibuprofen. See the dose chart on page 2. *Do not give aspirin*. If your child is fussy for more than 24 hours, call your healthcare provider.

My child's leg or arm is swollen, hot, and red. What should I do?

- Apply a clean, cool, wet washcloth over the sore area for comfort.
- For pain, give a medicine such as acetaminophen or ibuprofen. See the dose chart on page 2. *Do not give aspirin*.
- If the redness or tenderness increases after 24 hours, call your healthcare provider.

My child seems really sick. Should I call my healthcare provider?

If you are worried **at all** about how your child looks or feels, call your health-care provider!

HEALTHCARE PROVIDER: PLEASE FILL IN THE INFORMATION BELOW.

If your child's temperature is ______°F or _____ °C or higher, or if you have questions, call your healthcare provider.

Healthcare provider phone number ____

Technical content reviewed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Saint Paul, Minnesota • 651-647-9009 • www.immunize.org • www.vaccineinformation.org

www.immunize.org/catg.d/p4015.pdf • Item #P4015 (2/19)

Medicines and Doses to Reduce Pain and Fever

Choose the proper medicine, and measure the dose accurately.

- 1. Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist which medicine is best for your child.
- 2. Give the dose based on your child's weight. If you don't know your child's weight, give the dose based on your child's age. Do not give more medicine than is recommended.
- 3. If you have questions about dosage amounts or any other concerns, call your healthcare provider.
- 4. Always use a proper measuring device when giving acetaminophen liquid (e.g., Tylenol) or ibuprofen liquid (e.g., Advil, Motrin):
 - Use the device enclosed in the package.
 - If you misplace the device, consult your healthcare provider or pharmacist for advice.

• Meal-time spoons are not accurate measures. Never use a meal-time spoon for giving medication.

Take these two steps to avoid causing a serious medication overdose in your child.

- 1. Don't give your child a larger amount of acetaminophen (e.g., Tylenol) or ibuprofen (e.g., Motrin, Advil) than is shown in the table below. Too much of any of these medicines can be extremely dangerous.
- 2. When you give your child acetaminophen or ibuprofen, don't also give them over-the-counter cough or cold medicines. This can cause a medication overdose because cough and cold medicines often contain acetaminophen or ibuprofen. In fact, to be safe, don't ever give over-thecounter cough and cold medicines to your child unless you talk to your child's healthcare provider first.

ACETAMINOPHEN (Tylenol or another brand): How much to give?

Child's weight	Child's age	Infants' or children's liquid 160 mg in each 5 mL	Children's chewables – current product 160 mg in each tablet	Infants' drops 80 mg in each 0.8 mL	Children's chewables 80 mg in each 0.8 mL
6–11 lbs (2.7–5 kg)	0–3 mos	Advised dose*			OLD PRODUCT
12–17 lbs (5.5–7.7 kg)	4–11 mos	2.5 mL		Throw away this product. It is out of date and should not be used.	Throw away this product. It is out of date and should not be used.
18–23 lbs (8.2–10.5 kg)	12–23 mos	3.75 mL			
24–35 lbs (10.9–15.9 kg)	2–3 yrs	5 mL	1 tablet		
36–47 lbs (16.4–21.4 kg)	4–5 yrs	7.5 mL	1 ¹ / ₂ tablets		
48–59 lbs (21.8–26.8 kg)	6–8 yrs	10 mL	2 tablets		
60–71 lbs (27.3–32.3 kg)	9–10 yrs	12.5 mL	2 ¹ / ₂ tablets		
72–95 lbs (32.7–43.2 kg)	11 yrs	15 mL	3 tablets		

Give every 4 to 6 hours, as needed, no more than 5 times in 24 hours (unless directed to do otherwise by your healthcare provider).

IBUPROFEN (Advil, Motrin, or another brand): How much to give?

Give every 6 to 8 hours, as needed, no more than 4 times in 24 hours (unless directed to do otherwise by your healthcare provider).

Child's weight	Child's age	Infants' drops 50 mg in each1.25 mL	Children's liquid 100 mg in each 5 mL	Children's chewables or junior tablets 100 mg in each tablet	Children's chewables 50 mg in each tablet
less than 11 lbs (5 kg)	0–5 mos				
12–17 lbs (5.5–7.7 kg)	6–11 mos	1.25 mL	Advised dose*		Throw away
18–23 lbs (8.2–10.5 kg)	12–23 mos	1.875 mL	Advised dose*		this product. It is out of date and should not be used.
24–35 lbs (10.9–15.9 kg)	2–3 yrs		5 mL	1 tablet	
36–47 lbs (16.4–21.4 kg)	4–5 yrs		7.5 mL	1 ¹ / ₂ tablets	
48–59 lbs (21.8–26.8 kg)	6–8 yrs		10 mL	2 tablets	
60–71 lbs (27.3–32.3 kg)	9–10 yrs		12.5 mL	2 ¹ / ₂ tablets	
72–95 lbs (32.7–43.2 kg)	11 yrs		15 mL	3 tablets	

* HEALTHCARE PROVIDER: Please fill in the advised dose.

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